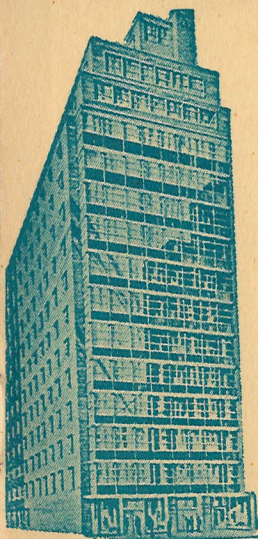


National Health Federation



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**AMERICANS CRUSADING FOR
BETTER HEALTH**

Volume X—Numbers 7-8

July-August, 1964

Site of our Washington Office
1012 - 14th St. N. W.

BULLETIN

Family Circle

By Fred J. Hart

This issue of the **Bulletin**, as is our custom, is a combined July and August number, but it is nonetheless important. In addition to the regular material, we are trying, in this issue, to bring you many short items in order that you may be apprised as to what is happening in the health field. If you wish the **Bulletin** to continue with short items, similar to those appearing in this issue, we would appreciate hearing from you.

Chicago Convention

We trust that those of you who live close enough to Chicago will start planning now to attend this great convention. The convention will celebrate the tenth birthday of the National Health Federation. Accordingly, we have planned a strong and worth-while program. It is good for like-minded people to meet and enjoy fellowship together. Progress is being made in the Federation's crusade for better health and freedom to seek that health wherever one wishes to do so. Do come and observe that progress at first hand. The program appears on other pages of this issue. Invite your friends and health-minded acquaintances to join with us in this great convention. The date: September 10, 11, 12, and 13. The place: Sherman House, Chicago, Illinois.

Liberty Stamps

Every member of the Federation has received in the mail (1) a financial report of the Federation for the first part of the year, (2) 50 liberty stamps, which we trust the members will use on their letters when they write, (3) a progress report on the work of the Federation, and (4) a plea from our Executive Secretary to give generously, in support of our hope that we can attain our goal of

\$10,000, which amount is needed to pay the present Federation deficit and provide operating funds during the slow summer months.

Mr. Long suggests that reaching the \$10,000 goal would be an ideal and practical way for members to express appreciation for the ten years I have served, without charge, in guiding the affairs of the Federation since its inception. This would represent \$1,000 for each year. As this money would help tremendously in putting the Federation on a sound financial basis, I would deeply appreciate that kind of expression of your appreciation. I can think of no higher honor that could be bestowed upon me.

If you have neglected to send in your offering, as suggested in the letter from Mr. Long which accompanied the liberty stamps, may I urge you to do so at once for the sake of the Federation program and that you make your offering as generous as you can afford.

The September Bulletin

We hope to make the September **Bulletin** an issue which can be used to set forth and explain the work and purposes of the Federation, to be used as a vehicle for obtaining new members. Besides this, the issue will, of course, carry the regular Washington reports.

Washington State Health Federation Moves Forward

During our recent vacation it was our privilege to meet with the board of the Washington State Health Federation and to speak later in a room crowded with loyal members of the Federation.

Under the leadership of Robert Morrison, assisted by Harold Burkhart,

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The NATIONAL HEALTH FEDERATION BULLETIN

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Adventures on Health Frontiers
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1964

Washington N.H.F. Legislative Report

Bill to Prevent Waste in Fund Drives

By Clinton R. Miller

H.R. 346 by Representative Herlong (D. Fla.) is moving right along. This N.H.F.-sponsored bill is intended to prevent misuse and graft in health fund drives by requiring complete public disclosure of funds records, including salaries, etc.

The bill was referred to the House Committee on Ways and Means because it amends the Internal Revenue Code of 1954. The Honorable Wilbur D. Mills (D. Ark.) is chairman of the W&M Committee. He has shown his interest in the measure by sending the bill to the Internal Revenue Service for pre-hearing "comment." This is standard operating procedure when a bill is recognized by the chairman as being potentially sound. The appropriate government agency (in this case it is the IRS) thus has a chance to give in advance its views and recommendations to the sponsoring Congressmen and organizations. If the bill's supporters feel they can amend it to include suggestions made by the agency, they are placed in the excellent position of knowing in advance that the government agency which will administer the law is sympathetic with its aims and will join in a united front to support the bill, as redrafted, when it comes before the committee for hearings.

The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) has now made several significant recommendations for change in the Herlong Bill (H.R. 346). The N.H.F. Washington and Monrovia Offices and Representative Herlong's staff are studying the IRS proposals now.

The major fear of the IRS is that the present bill "may be too narrow in its application." H.R. 346 limits its application to **nonlocal** organizations which derive an aggregate of \$1,000,000 or more annually. The IRS recommends that we change the "nonlocal" limitation. They have pointed out that some national fund-raising groups might simply change their operation to a series of local State operations, and thus escape enforcement of the Federal law.

Illinois and Minnesota have already passed acts regulating the solicitation of charitable funds. Illinois exempts organizations which do not solicit in excess of \$10,000. Minnesota draws the line at \$5,000.

Several Congressmen have expressed an interest in supporting or co-sponsoring the bill when we are ready, but we are not inviting co-sponsorship nor asking for hearings until we have completed our homework on the IRS views, and possibly redrafted the bill.

(Continued on next page)

There is a great deal of study and work that goes on behind the scenes before a bill ever gets ready for the final push for hearings and passage. The above brief report on one of the N.H.F.'s most important bills is given so that the N.H.F. member can be more fully aware of the mechanics involved in drafting successful and effective legislation.

Representative Herlong introduced the same bill as H.R. 9319 in the 87th Congress, and reintroduced it as H.R. 346 in this, the 88th Congress. It wasn't until a few months ago that we were able to get it referred for agency comment.

Senator Ribicoff-Representative Rosenthal Pesticide Bill Passes

President Johnson signed the Ribicoff-Rosenthal Pesticide Bill into Federal law on May 12, 1964. It was known in the Senate as S.1605, and in the House as H.R. 9739.

It is a good bill. It closed a little used but potentially dangerous loophole in the law. The stated purpose of the bill was to eliminate a loophole which allowed registration "under protest" of economic poisons with the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA). The incredible provision had been in the law since 1947 when it was enacted, but pesticide manufacturers had found it necessary to use it less than 30 times in 20 years with the overly-friendly-to-pesticides USDA. The USDA had registered nearly 60,000 formulations from about 600 basic chemicals, and it was only a freak application that didn't get through. Only five agricultural poisons were being marketed "under protest"

at the time the President signed the bill. One of these was Perma-Guard, a completely safe and very effective product that is sold in many health food stores. The "protest" registration for Perma-Guard, however, was not on the line of products which is sold in health food stores, and the passage of the bill does not affect this line at all.

The bill did more than close a loophole, however. It empowered the Secretary of Agriculture "when he finds that such action is necessary to prevent an imminent hazard to the public, (to) by order, suspend the registration of an economic poison immediately." This applies to all the 60,000 that now hold a valid registration.

When an aware and fearless Secretary of Agriculture begins to administer the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, as Congress intended, there will probably be many pesticides that will be found immediately to be "an imminent hazard" to the public. When the Secretary of USDA then suspends their registration, by order, they will not have the loophole waiting for them that the chemical lobby so cleverly provided for just such an eventuality back in 1947.

Although only 27 dangerous economic pesticides or poisons were ever marketed by the use of this truck-size loophole, it was a dangerous provision in the law which could have frustrated any honest enforcement by the USDA which may, hopefully, not be too far off.

Now, when the administrator of the law sees a bad poison coming down the pike, he can say "No" without the gnawing fear that the chemical company

(Continued on next page)

could bypass his veto by use of the "protest" registration clause. It is only a matter of conjecture, but one wonders how the law would have been administered since 1947 if this provision had not been hanging, sword-like, over the administrator's head whenever an application was made.

Senator Ribicoff and Representative Benjamin Rosenthal (D. N.Y.) have again teamed up on a second pesticide bill. It is S-2792 in the Senate and H.R. 11110 in the House. It concerns itself with increased Federal power for factory inspection to correct faulty industrial disposal.

Hearings have not been scheduled on their second bill.

Federal Compost Bill

Representative Lesinske (D. Mich.) has just introduced H.R. 10807, the Federal Compost Bill. It is now officially called the "Solid Waste Disposal Act of 1964."

The bill provides for the production of "not less than five demonstration plants for the production of **compost** from municipal refuse."

The bill requires that "Such plants shall be designed to demonstrate the reliability, engineering, operating, agricultural, horticultural, and economic potentials of **composting**. Each of the plants shall represent a different process selected from those which show the greatest degree of promise as a method of refuse treatment."

The bill is unique in that it has the strong support of the United States Public Health Service. A check by N.H.F. today with a top USPHS official revealed that this agency will support the bill and applaud its passage.

You can best assure hearings on this excellent bill by encouraging your own representative to cosponsor an identical bill. You might like to write immediately to Representative Lesinski and congratulate him for his introduction of "The Lesinski Federal Compost Bill."

Rep. Lesinski is a ranking member of the powerful House Appropriations Committee and has offered to introduce a bill to set up a National Institute of Nutrition as suggested by the N.H.F. at our recent testimony before the Appropriations Committee.

Krebiozen Bills—Unstoppable Force Meets Immovable Object

House Krebiozen resolutions still continue to be introduced even after the Food and Drug Administration has announced that Krebiozen was creatine.

Representative Claude Pepper (D. Fla.) and Rep. Lionel Van Deerlin (D. Calif.) are the latest co-sponsors. They introduced House Joint Resolutions 1032 and 1030. Rep. Joel T. Broyhill (R. Va.) followed closely on the heels of Rep. Van Deerlin to introduce H. Res. 1040.

This brings the total to 35 Representatives and 16 Senators who have joined Senator Douglas on his Krebiozen resolution (52 total). **If your Congressman has not co-sponsored, send him a paperback edition of Bailey's book, and ask again.** The three Congressmen listed above had all said "No" 99 times.

Representative Harris and Senator Hill still refuse to schedule hearings.

Fluoridation Bills—Bad and Good

All fluoridation bills, bad and good, are still considered "dead" in the 88th Congress. S.1208 and H.R. 5682 are bad, red-light bills, and House Resolutions 191, 192, and 193 are good, green-light bills.

Representative Baring (D. Nev.), sponsor of the "good" fluoridation bills, suggested to the N.H.F. recently that we seek co-sponsors for his resolutions, even though we know there is no possibility they will have hearings in '64.

(Continued on next page)

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The strategy is sound. The 89th Congress may well be the "Fluoridation Congress."

We should start, now, to get a bloc of congressmen committed to take the Federal Government out of the "local" issue.

Mr. Fred Hart has instructed the Washington office to give increasing priority to fluoridation and pesticide legislation in preparation for significant victories in the 89th Congress.

Health Dictatorship Bill

H.R. 728, which was introduced by Representative Abraham Multer (D. N.Y.) seems doomed to die again in this session without hearings. It would make the President of the United States a virtual dictator in health matters.

Paradoxically, Rep. Multer is a co-sponsor of the Krebiozen resolutions 598 and 606.

It serves to remind us that in this wonderful country of ours we can be completely in favor of a Congressman's stand on one issue and completely opposed to his stand on another. It should also serve to remind us that we should never "prejudge" the answer we expect to receive from our elected representative.

Clean Air Act of '64

President Lyndon B. Johnson signed H.R. 6518 into Public Law No. 206 with enthusiasm. It is now officially known as The Clean Air Act of '64. If it is honestly administered, we will have cleaner air for our children than we now endure.

A host of bills were introduced early in '63 in the House and the Senate on the air pollution problem: H.R. 3507 by James Fulton (R. Pa.); H.R. 4061 by Peter Rodino (D. N.J.); H.R. 4415 by Kenneth Roberts (D. Ala.); H.R. 4750 by Seymore Halpern (R. N.Y.); H.R. 5024 by Daniel Flood (D. Pa.); and H.R. 8859 by Herman Toll (D. Pa.).

Hearings were held before Representative Roberts' subcommittee on health. The N.H.F. testified in favor of the bills but warned against "see-no-evil" enforcement, pointing out that for some reason the USPHS National Air Sampling Network had stopped reporting airborne fluorine and 10 other pollutions since 1957. (See May '63 N.H.F. Bulletin.)

Following the hearings, Rep. Roberts introduced a "clean" bill, H.R. 6518, which included the strongest provisions of his own original bill and those of his colleagues.

On the Senate side, hearings were held on S-432 by Sen. Ribicoff and 17 co-sponsoring Senators. The Senate finally accepted the Roberts version. Excellent, nonpartisan, statesmanlike work on the part of over 20 Senators and as many Representatives brought the bill to a successful conclusion. Senator Ribicoff and Representative Roberts and their excellent staffs deserve a vote of thanks for a good bill which was long overdue.

President Kennedy prepared a favorable environment for the passage of this bill by his public recognition of the problem.

Denial of Tax Exemption to Hospitals Which Discriminate Against Non-AMA Doctors

H.R. 8097 of the 87th Congress has not been reintroduced in the 88th. This excellent bill was introduced July 12, 1961 by Rep. Celler (D. N.Y.) He declined to reintroduce the bill in '63, and the writer has not yet been successful in getting a sponsor.

Mr. Fred Hart has directed that the Washington office give preference to this bill, as it has been neglected so far in '63 and '64, due to overemphasis on some other programs by the Washington office.

Concerning Biological Products

By Charles Orlando Pratt

Washington General Counsel

Everyone Is Entitled to Have His Day in Court

Recently, your Washington General Counsel has received letters from members of the National Health Federation which indicated that the writer wondered "Why can't I have my day in court?"

The answer to this question is that everyone is entitled to have and can have his day in court, whether it be a civil or criminal action. Frequently, individuals apparently do not understand the difference between court action by the Food and Drug Administration through the courts and administrative action directly by the Food and Drug Administration.

Recently, I attended a food and drug hearing in the Midwest in response to a Notice of Hearing which was issued to a manufacturer and shipper of dietary food supplements.

Object of the Hearing

"This Hearing is scheduled to give the person or persons who appear to be responsible for the violations of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act as specified in the attached Charge Sheet an opportunity to explain voluntarily any circumstances connected with the preparation, handling, shipment, or sale of the articles involved which would indicate that criminal action should not be taken. Any civil action which may have been taken against the goods involved, such as seizure, does not preclude prosecution of those responsible for the violation." (This prosecution means criminal prosecution.)

Penalties for Violation of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act

The Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act provides for severe penalties in the event anyone violates any of the "prohibited Acts" under that law.

The provision for such penalties is as follows:

"SEC. 303 (333). (a) Any person who violates any of the provisions of section 301 shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall on conviction thereof be subject to imprisonment for not more than one year, or a fine of not more than \$1,000, or both such imprisonment and fine; but if the violation is committed after a conviction of such person under this section has become final such person shall be subject to imprisonment for not more than three years, or a fine of not more than \$10,000 or both such imprisonment and fine.

(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of this section, in case of a violation of any of the provisions of section 301, with intent to defraud or mislead, the penalty shall be imprisonment for not more than three years, or a fine of not more than \$10,000 or both such imprisonment and fine."

It Is Advisable for the Person Receiving an FDA Notice of Hearing to Have Legal Counsel to Advise Him at That Hearing

During the past year, the FDA has frequently issued to the shippers and sellers of dietary food supplements "Notices of Hearing" to show cause why they should not be criminally prosecuted, even though no FDA action had

(Continued on next page)

been taken by the courts to seize and condemn the products involved as being misbranded. The civil action against the product gives the person claiming the product the right to defend the product or its labeling in a civil action with very little, if any, threat of criminal action. The use of the Notice of Hearing procedure naturally scares to death the one who receives the notice, because of the liability of a criminal fine and sentence and embarrassment involved and the terrific expense incurred in connection with his defense. Apparently, the use of the criminal procedure so frequently lately is part and parcel of the announced program and intention of the FDA and AMA to curtail or stop what it chooses to call "nutritional quackery." While the hearing appears to be primarily for the purpose of giving an opportunity for the party to explain the facts and circumstances surrounding the alleged misbranding, frequently the party discloses information in such a way that FDA determines to prosecute based on additional information and evidence obtained at that hearing. For this reason, it is advisable to have legal counsel to guide, direct and protect the party subject to the hearing, particularly to direct forthright, honest answers to the questions presented by the Hearing Officer and to explain to the party the legal significance of the questions being presented. It is the duty of the attorney to advise the party as to the correctness of some of the allegations of misbranding and by the same token advise the party as to the other allegations which are based more upon policy and upon the food and drug laws from a technical standpoint. By this I mean that there is no benefit that can be derived from arguing against an allegation which is clearly correct and substantial and which is based upon misbranding without a doubt. In this

case, the attorney should advise the party to admit the truth of the allegation, to explain the circumstances which caused the alleged misbranding and to give assurance to the Hearing Officer that either the labeling or the formula of the product will be corrected to bring the product and its labeling in compliance with the letter and spirit of the food and drug laws.

Up to now your Washington General Counsel and those cited to show cause at an FDA hearing as to why they should not be criminally prosecuted for adulterating or misbranding products are presented to report that the FDA has not instituted through the office of the U.S. Attorney General any criminal action as a result of such hearings. The reason for this success, I believe, is based upon clear evidence of cooperation with FDA to eliminate any actual misbranding of the products based upon illegal formulas, illegal therapeutic claims or improper labeling of the product involved.

It Is Not Necessary for FDA to Establish Intent to Violate the Law

Frequently, those cited to attend FDA criminal hearings obviously did not know that their product was misbranded and did not intend to misbrand their product. The applicable food and drug laws do not require that the Government establish "intention to violate the law." FDA is required to establish only that the law was violated through misbranding. Written and oral statements constituting therapeutic claims for dietary food supplements while not constituting labeling of the product may, nevertheless, provide evidence showing "the intended therapeutic use" of the product. FDA has jurisdiction of food

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and drug products only if such products have been in "interstate commerce."

The U.S. Court of Appeals has held that an "over-the-counter" sale of a food supplement to a food and drug inspector posing to be an ordinary customer does not constitute interstate commerce, even though the FDA inspector told the seller of the product that he was going to take the product across the state lines into another state. As a result of this decision which was obtained through the efforts of your Washington General Counsel, FDA was required to change its instructions to its FDA investigators. This victory has protected a number of people who sold food supplements over-the-counter and who otherwise, as in the past, would be subject to criminal prosecution by FDA for selling products alleged to be misbranded.

FDA Policy Now Requires That Enzyme Food Supplement Products Be Sold Only as Drugs

Recently, FDA has been seizing enzyme products on the ground that such products are misbranded for failure to bear the prescription legend on the ground that FDA considers such products as drugs, as distinguished from dietary food supplements or foods for special dietary uses. In addition to the seizure actions, FDA has been issuing "Notices of Hearing" to the shippers of enzyme products in interstate commerce with the obvious thought of criminally prosecuting unless the products are labeled to be sold only with compliance with the drug provision of the applicable food and drug laws. FDA, to my knowledge, has not issued any uniform or standard official regulation to the effect that enzyme food supplements are drugs, nor has FDA issued any press release, to my knowledge, to all of the food supplement industry

on this point. It is difficult to explain to those receiving Notices of Hearing or who receive notices of the seizure of their products why FDA does not seize all enzyme food supplements manufactured by each and every manufacturer of food supplements or drugs. The answer which FDA gives to me in response to such a question is, in effect, that no official regulation has yet been adopted by FDA, and that it is FDA policy to pick up the products whenever such products are called to their attention. This seems to cause unfair administrative treatment of those who are cited to attend such a hearing or whose products have been seized. This also causes unfair competition for the small manufacturer, shipper or distributor of enzyme products as compared with the big industry whose enzyme products are similar in formula, purpose and effectiveness.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, enzymes still, under FDA policy, can be included among the manufactures of a dietary food supplement under the title on the label "food excipients," but the word enzymes cannot be placed upon the labeling unless the product is sold as a prescription drug only.

Wheat Germ Oil Capsules Held Misbranded in the March 1964 Issue of FDA Report on Enforcement and Compliance

In the March issue of the **FDA Report on Enforcement and Compliance** under the title "Vitamins," FDA said: "Wheat Germ Oil Capsules were promoted with false and misleading claims for boosting vitality, increasing endurance, and building energy." Officials of FDA have advised me that under its policy, wheat germ oil, soy bean oil and rice bran oil can be included in the dietary food supplement formula under

(Continued on next page)

the title "food excipients," but the names of such ingredients cannot be listed on the label of the products.

Product Containing Ingredient Called "Intrinsic Factor" Seized in Michigan

Recently, the United States Attorney on behalf of FDA filed a seizure action in the Federal Court requesting the seizure and condemnation of a food supplement which contained an ingredient known as Intrinsic Factor on the ground that such a product is a prescription product and accordingly was misbranded.

Daily Intake of Iodine from Kelp Restricted to 0.15 Milligram

Recently I was requested to ascertain whether or not a proposed regulation set forth in the **Federal Register** on March 18, 1964, 29 F.R. 2478, to provide for the safe use of kelp as a source of iodine in foods for special dietary use, when the amount of iodine so provided for daily intake does not exceed 0.15 milligram, has become effective.

In response to this inquiry, I was advised by Mr. Burton, Division of Advisory Opinion, FDA, as follows:

"Regulation No. 121.1149 Kelp. Kelp may be safely used as a source of iodine in foods for special dietary use when the amount of iodine so provided for daily intake does not exceed 0.15 milligram. The food additive kelp is the dehydrated, ground product prepared from *Microcystin pyrifera*. Published in the **Federal Register** April 24, 1964 and made effective on that date."

Listing of Certain Ingredients in Dietary Food Supplements Held by Court to Be False and Misleading

In a recent decision in the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey, it was held, among other

things, that some of the ingredients in the product involved which constituted false and misleading statements included such as the following: Vitamin K (menadione), rutin lemon bioflavonoid complex, monopotassium glutamate, 1-lysine monohydrochloride, dessicated liver, sodium caseinate, leucine, lysine, caline, histidine, isoleucine, phenylalanine, threonine, tryptophane, manganese, potassium, zinc, magnesium, sulfur, calcium, and phosphorous.

The National Health Federation Is the Only National Organization Powerful Enough to Take Effective Steps to Protect All Those Interested in Health Care from Unauthorized and Unreasonable Bureaucratic Extension of Administrative Power

It has been called to my attention on frequent occasions by members of the National Health Federation that FDA is extending its power under the Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act without the establishment of official regulations changing the established policy or without legislation by Congress. This it does by means of court decisions which broaden the interpretation of the Act and particularly in cases of default decrees resulting from the failure of the defendant or a claimant of a product to defend himself or his product. N.H.F. has been, is and will continue to assist those people who would otherwise fail to appear in their efforts to defend themselves or their rights.

Middle Age

The Middle Years: That quiet, peaceful, serene period between completing the children's college education and starting in to help with the first grandchildren. The middle years usually last from three to five months.

—David Savage in **The Wall Street Journal**

Washington Health News

\$3 Million for AMA Lobby

By Clinton R. Miller

The American Medical Association Political Action Committee (AMPAC) will spend at least \$3 million this '64 election year in trying to swing Congressional contests, according to the Committee on Political Education of the AFL-CIO.

\$108 Million Surplus Property Distributed by HEW

In the first quarter of 1964 alone, the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare (HEW) parceled out among the states surplus property having an acquisition cost to the Federal government of \$108.3 million.

This unchallenged practice provides HEW with a tremendous weapon which can be used by them to bribe, reward, or coerce reluctant states or universities to accept and even foster improper federally-sponsored health programs. It also may help explain why many colleges are increasingly disinclined to let any of their scientists speak out against fluoridation, federal pesticide programs, etc.

California received the largest share, \$10.9 million.

Miles Labs "Pioneers" Electronic Diagnostic Devices

Miles Labs, one of the largest pharmaceutical drug companies, has recently ventured into the medical diagnostic aid field. They recently bought Atomium, a company that has specialized in electronic diagnostic devices.

Research Overemphasis Suggested by Legislators

The House Veterans Affairs Committee has recently concluded a series of hearings on present state of veterans' medical services.

Chairman Rep. Albert Thomas (D. Tex.) and other members of his committee, in their questioning of VA's chief medical director, Dr. Joseph H. McNinch, betrayed a suspicion that research in veterans' hospitals is being overemphasized at the expense of patient care.

Those scientists who yearn to do research using involuntary human guinea pigs have found veterans' hospitals ideal for their experiments.

Along the same line, Rep. L. H. Fountain (D. N.C.) said publicly recently that he made no dogmatic accusations, but he said the time has arrived to try to find out if government largesse is producing a serious imbalance by sending too many M.D.'s into research at the expense of direct service to the patient.

Representative Fountain heads the House subcommittee that is making penetrating investigations of the National Institutes of Health and the Food and Drug Administration.

Mr. Anti-Krebiozen Resigns

Mr. Boisfeuillet "Bo" Jones, Special Assistant in charge of Health and Medical Affairs for the past two years to Secretary Celebrezze of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare (HEW), resigned effective June 30, 1964.

Whenever anyone wanted a top administrative decision on Krebiozen, drug, or health matters, he found "Bo" Jones was the top of the ladder. **He was the "voice" of government that explained to cancer patients on Krebiozen why the**

(Continued on next page)

nontoxic drug of their choice had to be banned while severely toxic drugs were approved by the Food and Drug Administration.

Not a Dr. or a Scientist

Mr. "Bo" Jones was educated at Emory University in Atlanta, Georgia, and rose to prominence as an administrator of his alma mater. He graduated in 1934 with a B.Ph. and received his L.L.B. in 1937. The letters "B.Ph." stand for Bachelor of Philosophy. Your writer was unable to find any academic training that "Bo" Jones received which prepared him scientifically to act as Vice President at Emory over medical affairs, or Special Assistant of Health and Medical Affairs at HEW. Mr. "Bo" Jones left Emory March 27, 1961 to accept his position with HEW at a salary of \$20,000.

Resigns to Head Coca Cola Foundation

He will not return to Emory, however. His new position will be president of the Coca-Cola (Emily and Earnest Woodruff) Foundation in Atlanta, Georgia. The Coca-Cola Foundation prefers to call itself "The Woodruff Foundation" and claims it "is an Atlanta philanthropic organization whose disbursements are in the general areas of education, health, religion and welfare."

In announcing the appointment of "Bo" Jones, Mr. R. W. Woodruff, chairman of the board of trustees, said, "Mr. Jones is particularly well qualified in view of his broad experience in education, health, and welfare activities to develop and carry out the foundation's philanthropic policies."

His new salary was not announced. President Johnson acceded "with reluctance" to his resignation.

Krebiozen—Cancer Patient Invites Voluntary Arrest

Mrs. Gertrude Brou, of West Hollywood, Florida, moved two months ago from her home to Washington, D.C.,

"to spend the rest of my life, if necessary, to resolve the Krebiozen controversy."

Acting as an individual, and not as part of a group action, she picketed for 35 days in front of the White House. Her sign said on one side: "Mr. President, the FDA (Food and Drug Administration) is fighting cancer patients, not cancer." On the other side, it read, "Mr. President, mercy for cancer patients on Krebiozen. Please resolve the issue—Thank You."

A sandwich-type board strapped over her shoulders said on the front: "I am a cancer patient on Krebiozen," and on the back it said: "I have been here 35 days. During this time 27,825 cancer patients have died."

One year ago Mrs. Brou refused amputation of her left breast after a positive biopsy report of cancer. Her mother had died in 1947 and her sister had died in 1960 of breast cancer. Both had undergone radical mastectomy (complete surgical removal of the breast), X-ray and radium therapy. The family heard of Krebiozen, read Herbert Bailey's book and decided that the next member to get cancer would try Krebiozen.

When Mrs. Brou's doctor told her she was the "next one," she went to Chicago to get started on Krebiozen and had just returned to her home in Florida, after finding a doctor in Miami who would continue to give her Krebiozen, when the Food and Drug Administration banned the drug from interstate commerce last July.

She immediately went to the Miami **Herald** for help. The **Herald** printed her story on the front page. Armed with this, she came to Washington, D.C. and enlisted the support of Senators Smathers and Holland and Representatives Dante B. Fascell and Claude Pepper, all of Florida. They co-sponsored the Kre-

(Continued on next page)

biozen resolution at her request, which would lift the ban and require the National Institutes of Health to test Krebiozen.

Mrs. Brou had hoped that by lobbying and picketing she could bring the Krebiozen resolutions to hearings this year. She begged Rep. Roberts daily to hold hearings. He had received several thousand cards from members and friends of the National Health Federation requesting the hearings. Roberts is chairman of the subcommittee on Public Health and Safety, and ordinarily his consent would mean that hearings would be held. It is very rare for the full committee chairman to oppose hearings desired by his subcommittee chairmen. But when Mr. Roberts said he would not oppose hearings, Mr. Harris (D. Ark.) said he would.

Oren Harris is the tough and capable chairman of the full committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce which includes Roberts' subcommittee.

Harris and Hill Hold Up the Bill

When her hopes were highest, Mrs. Brou visited Mr. Harris and received a firm and convincing "No."

Neither Senator Hill nor Rep. Harris are worried about their seats in Congress. Hill was re-elected in 1962 for six more years. Harris is probably going to be uncontested for re-election this year in Arkansas. His Republican opponent for the 88th Congress only won 22 per cent of the votes two years ago. Harris was first elected to Congress in 1940, and has been re-elected 11 times since then. Senator Hill heads the Senate committee, and is regarded affectionately by the M.D.s' lobby as "Mr. AMA."

So Mrs. Gertrude Brou, realizing that further lobbying by a single individual seemed unfruitful, decided on a course of action that is arousing public attention nationally.

She informed the White House Guards that she was going to submit to voluntary arrest on Tuesday, June 9. They had all become very friendly to this courageous little lady, and tried to talk her out of it. She then called the District Police Chief and told him of her desire. He told her he couldn't arrest her till she violated some law.

At 11:00, June 9, 1964, Mrs. Brou quietly walked in front of the White House driveway where visitors enter. "I'm breaking the law," she said. "I'm not supposed to picket here."

The police ignored her.

"We don't want her to get arrested," said Capt. Pyles. "We've been trying to talk her out of it for a week."

Finally, after begging the officers to arrest her, and seeing that they wouldn't, she turned and quietly walked inside the gate. That did it. The police reluctantly escorted her to a special police car which suddenly appeared with a police matron.

But if the police tried to ignore her, the press certainly didn't. The **Evening Star**, Washington, D.C., headlined "PICKET FOR KREBIOZEN CHOOSES JAIL OVER FINE." The kindly Judge George D. Neilson tried to persuade Mrs. Brou to pay a \$10 fine rather than go to jail, but she refused. The **Hollywood Sun Tattler** put her picture on the front page the next day when an unidentified woman paid her \$10 fine. Mrs. Brou explained she didn't want to be released, but had no choice. She went directly back to the White House and repeated the incident the second time. This time Judge Neilson gave her ten days with no bail as she requested.

Mrs. Brou told the Judge that she feels that the Kefauver-Harris law has been badly administered and perverted to harm cancer victims on Krebiozen.

(Continued on next page)

She says, "Senator Kefauver himself recognized this, for he joined as a co-sponsor with Senators Douglas, Smathers, Holland and 13 other Senators on the Krebiozen resolution, as one of the last official acts of his life."

She added, "I don't believe that Congress ever intended the '62 Kefauver-Harris drug law to be administered in such a way that a person could be deprived of a nontoxic drug given to her by the doctor of her choice which she has proved to her own satisfaction is effective and safe."

N.H.F. Editor's Note: This courageous woman, fighting for her right to live, is now serving a 90-day sentence in jail. The time is here for red-blooded Americans to speak up, to vote right, and to demand an honest and fair test for Krebiozen and the lifting of the FDA embargo until such a test has been made.

Pesticide Debate Continues in State

SACRAMENTO—At a recent meeting, the State Soil Conservation Commission said there was an "extremely serious" problem posed by pesticides polluting soil and then draining into rivers and streams.

"This is a matter of deep concern to the state official family," Conservation Director Robert Calkins said in a letter to state Resources Director Hugo Fisher.

The commission pledged any of its help to solve the problem, adding there was a need to educate both home-owners and users in the use of pesticides.

George Alcorn, Berkeley, director of the University of California Extension Service, said there was "a lot of emotion in this" and that there was "no need for hysteria."

"Salt, if used unwisely, will hurt you, and so will aspirin," he said. "It is a matter of knowing what the label says and doing what it says to do."

Five Pesticides Proposed for Injurious List

SACRAMENTO—The state Agriculture Department was urged yesterday to add five pesticides to its list of injurious chemicals.

Dairymen and the California State Grange backed the proposal by the state Department of Public Health. The California Farm Bureau Federation supported it "with reservations."

Chemical industry spokesmen generally opposed it.

The chemicals are bidrin, dieldrin, endrin, heplachlor and taxaphene. Dr. Irma West of the health department said there were 12 cases of poisoning by bidrin in three counties during one three-month period last year. One, she said, was "moderately serious" and seven persons required hospitalization.

Harry E. Spires, Agriculture Department hearing officer, noted that the state has classified 16 other pesticide chemicals as injurious and has required protective measures in their use.

Duchesne Bans Pesticide Use

DUCHESNE—Farmers in Duchesne have been informed by county extension officials that the chemical Heptachlor may no longer be used in the control of alfalfa weevil.

County Agent Lloyd Smith said the pesticide has been removed from the market because of residue left on the forage used as feed for dairy cattle.

Tests indicate the residue is carried over into the milk and thus passed on to the consumer, he said.

—From *Deseret News*, Salt Lake City, Utah, June 11, 1964.

What we think, we become.—**Buddha.**

The burden becomes light which is cheerfully borne.—**Ovid.**

Eighth Annual Midwest Convention

NATIONAL HEALTH FEDERATION

Americans Crusading for Health Liberty

Nutrition — Health — Legislation

You are invited

September 10, 11, 12 and 13

THE SHERMAN HOUSE, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

Only ten years of age and already the largest and most influential health organization in America. Why is this so? The answer: "It is an organization of the people who have an interest in their health and that of their children." It is their voice crying out against present abuses and advising all and sundry that these abuses must stop. **This is still AMERICA AND THE PEOPLE STILL RULE.** Under the leadership of the National Health Federation the people intend to see to it that their interests in the field of health are protected, and that the sick folk of this nation shall not be used as pawns in the political and economic schemes of those who would destroy America and prey upon its sick.

The Federation invites you to attend its Eighth Midwest Convention and learn firsthand about its work, what lies ahead and what you can do to keep in good health. The speakers have been chosen with care, to the end that the facts you will hear may be accepted by you as fundamental and true.

The program of this convention is designed to bring to those who attend practical information, which if applied, will produce good health and more abundant living.

You need not be a member of the National Health Federation to attend any or all of the meetings. This convention is educational in nature. The speakers are all authorities in their respective fields and the information they impart will be both practical and helpful. For the sake of your health and that of your children we urge you to attend.

The program will be presented as set forth herein. Each speaker will discuss the subject assigned to him. All speakers will start and stop on time. All features and lectures will also run absolutely on schedule. The program schedules plenty of recesses to allow the audience to relax as well as visit exhibits.

ADMITTANCE TO CONVENTION

Admittance to the convention sessions will require the showing of a registration badge or proper ticket. This badge or ticket will be given to each person when he registers. The registration fee will be \$5.00 for the four days or \$2.00 for each day. The four-day fee covers all the meetings of the convention during the four days. The one-day fee covers all the meetings of the convention held during the day for which the fee is paid. If a person elects to attend only one session or lecture, the minimum charge will be \$1.00. All meetings open to the public at above rates. **THE SATURDAY EVENING SESSION WILL BE FREE OF CHARGE.**

JULY-AUGUST, 1964

NATIONAL HEALTH FEDERATION

Eighth Annual Midwest Convention

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER TEN

- 9:00 a.m. to 12:00 noon—Registration and Visit Booths
10:00 a.m. to 12:00 noon—Chiropractic Symposium—Legal and Practical Matters to be held in special Symposium Room—Dr. Royal Lee and Attorney Charles Orlando Pratt will be in charge.
11:00 a.m. to 11:45 a.m.—Cooking for Health—By Mrs. Karl B. Lutz
Practical demonstration of preparing a healthful dinner.
11:45 a.m. to 12:00 noon—Nutrition and Arthritis—By Karl B. Lutz
A discussion of arthritis based on scientific study and personal experience.
LUNCHEON RECESS
1:00 p.m. to 1:30 p.m.—National Health Federation—Past and Present
By Fred J. Hart, President of N.H.F.
1:30 p.m. to 2:00 p.m.—N.H.F. Washington Legal Report—By Charles Orlando Pratt, Washington Counsel for N.H.F.
2:00 p.m. to 2:15 p.m.—Questions and Answers
2:15 p.m. to 2:45 p.m.—Report on N.H.F. Congress on Medical Monopoly held at Baton Rouge, Louisiana
By Dr. Frederick Daugherty-Beck
2:45 p.m. to 3:45 p.m.—Recess to Visit Exhibitors
3:45 p.m. to 4:30 p.m.—Diabetes—a Monopoly—By B. R. Hurst, M.D.
4:30 p.m. to 5:00 p.m.—Convention Business
DINNER RECESS
7:00 p.m. to 7:30 p.m.—Pesticide Legislation and Problems
By Betty Lee Morales of Los Angeles, California
7:30 p.m. to 7:45 p.m.—Questions and Answers
7:45 p.m. to 9:00 p.m.—Pesticide Film—A tribute to Rachel Carson
Adjourn to Visit Exhibitors

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER ELEVEN

- 9:00 a.m. to 10:00 a.m.—Organic Food and Farming Round Table
By L. Crosby—To be held in Main Auditorium
10:00 a.m. to 11:00 a.m.—Recess to Visit Exhibitors
11:00 a.m. to 12:00 noon—Nutrition Round Table—To be held in Main Auditorium
Dr. Royal Lee in charge
LUNCHEON RECESS
1:30 p.m. to 2:00 p.m.—The Truth About Drugs
By Howard Long, N.H.F. Executive Secretary
2:00 p.m. to 2:15 p.m.—Questions and Answers
2:15 p.m. to 2:45 p.m.—National Health Federation's Washington Activities
By Clinton Miller
2:45 p.m. to 3:00 p.m.—Questions and Answers
3:00 p.m. to 4:00 p.m.—Recess to Visit Exhibitors
4:00 p.m. to 4:30 p.m.—Fluoridation—By Kirkpatrick Dilling, Chicago Attorney
4:30 p.m. to 4:45 p.m.—Questions and Answers
4:45 p.m. to 5:15 p.m.—Health from a Cellular Basis—By M. Dikkers, M.D.,
noted international scientist
You cannot afford to miss this lecture.
5:15 p.m. to 5:30 p.m.—Questions and Answers
RECESS FOR DINNER
7:00 p.m. to 7:45 p.m.—Has the Cancer Problem Been Solved?—By Howard Beard, Ph.D., Sc.D., noted authority on this subject
7:45 p.m. to 8:45 p.m.—Cancer Facts Panel Discussion
Led by Betty Morales as Chairman
8:45 p.m. to 9:00 p.m.—Convention Business
Adjourn to Visit Exhibitors

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER TWELVE

- 7:45 a.m. to 9:30 a.m.—President's Breakfast—given as a tribute to Fred J. Hart,
National Health Federation President for past ten years
9:30 a.m. to 10:15 a.m.—Health Research versus Sickness Research
By Clinton Miller
10:15 a.m. to 11:00 a.m.—Recess to Visit Exhibitors
11:00 a.m. to 11:30 a.m.—Breast-fed Babies—By M. L. Thompson
11:30 a.m. to 12:00 noon—Convention Business—By Fred J. Hart
LUNCHEON RECESS
1:30 p.m. to 2:00 p.m.—The Difference Between Diet and Nutrition
By Betty Lee Morales of Organicville
2:00 p.m. to 2:15 p.m.—Questions and Answers
2:15 p.m. to 2:45 p.m.—Speaker yet to be chosen
2:45 p.m. to 3:00 p.m.—Questions and Answers
3:00 p.m. to 4:00 p.m.—Recess to Visit Exhibitors
4:00 p.m. to 5:00 p.m.—Live Food versus Dead
By V. Earl Irons of Boston, Massachusetts
RECESS FOR DINNER
SATURDAY NIGHT SESSION—FREE
7:00 p.m. to 7:30 p.m.—National Health Federation Krebiozen Activities in Wash-
ington—By Clinton Miller
7:30 p.m. to 8:30 p.m.—Krebiozen and Cancer Control
By George Crane, M.D., famous newspaper columnist
8:30 p.m. to 9:30 p.m.—Eat Healthy to Stay Healthy and Fight to Protect Your
Right to Do That—By Walter Hodson, nationally known
health lecturer
Adjourn to Visit Exhibitors

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER THIRTEEN

- 9:00 a.m. to 10:00 a.m.—Visit Exhibitors
10:00 a.m. to 11:30 a.m.—Health Food Retailers' Round Table to cover following:
1. How to stay in business and obey the law
2. How to develop new business
3. How to keep and develop your present business
This Round Table will be in charge of three persons who are tops in this field: Charles Orlando Pratt, N.H.F. Legal Counsel; Betty Lee Morales of Los Angeles, opera-
tor of Organicville, one of the leading nutrition stores of the nation; and Walter Hodson, a veteran in the health food business.
Those interested in the health food business cannot afford to miss this Round Table.

RESERVATION INFORMATION

NAME.....
Please print Last Name First Name
ADDRESS..... ARRIVE: DATE..... HOUR..... A.M. P.M.
CITY..... STATE.....
Reservations will be held until 6 p.m. Probable Departure Date.....
PLEASE CHECK (✓) ACCOMMODATIONS DESIRED
If no room is available at rate requested, reservations will be made at next higher rate available.
1,000 air-conditioned rooms with private bath, television and radio.

Room and Bath for One—	<input type="checkbox"/> \$ 7.50	<input type="checkbox"/> \$ 8.00	<input type="checkbox"/> \$ 9.00	<input type="checkbox"/> \$10.00	<input type="checkbox"/> \$11.00	<input type="checkbox"/> \$12.00
per day	<input type="checkbox"/> \$13.00	<input type="checkbox"/> \$14.00	<input type="checkbox"/> \$15.00	<input type="checkbox"/> \$16.00	<input type="checkbox"/> \$17.00	<input type="checkbox"/> \$18.00
Double Bedroom with Bath	<input type="checkbox"/> \$11.50	<input type="checkbox"/> \$12.00	<input type="checkbox"/> \$13.00	<input type="checkbox"/> \$14.00	<input type="checkbox"/> \$15.00	<input type="checkbox"/> \$16.00
for Two—per day	<input type="checkbox"/> \$17.00	<input type="checkbox"/> \$18.00	<input type="checkbox"/> \$19.00	<input type="checkbox"/> \$20.00	<input type="checkbox"/> \$21.00	<input type="checkbox"/> \$22.00
Twin Bedroom with Bath	<input type="checkbox"/> \$15.00	<input type="checkbox"/> \$16.00	<input type="checkbox"/> \$17.00	<input type="checkbox"/> \$18.00	<input type="checkbox"/> \$19.00	<input type="checkbox"/> \$20.00
for Two—per day	<input type="checkbox"/> \$21.00	<input type="checkbox"/> \$22.00	<input type="checkbox"/> \$23.00	<input type="checkbox"/> \$24.00		

Family Circle

(Continued from page 2)

Washington State representative on the Board of Governors of the National Health Federation, the Washington group is, at long last, building their organization along the plans set forth as the organizational plans of the Federation. This provides for many small units, instead of a few large ones. For example: the Seattle unit of the past has been divided into a number of small units of ten or more members who meet in the home of a member and enjoy mutual fellowship and a fine social time while studying the program of the Federation and doing whatever is needed from the members of the unit to further that program. We are hoping that the Federation organization in the State of Washington will become the model for all other states of the Union to follow.

Kitsap Health Federation

While in the State of Washington, it was our great pleasure to visit with and speak to the members of the Kitsap Health Federation. The meeting was held in the beautiful home of one of the members who always makes his home available for the meetings.

Under the able leadership of R. D. Kennedy, a business meeting was first on the program and we were pleasantly surprised when ten or more committee chairmen made splendid reports. President Kennedy has made certain that as many members as possible are assigned to particular jobs and expects them to report at each meeting. Besides reading the minutes of the previous meeting, excellent reports were made on finances, correspondence, **Bulletin** contents, Food and Drug Administration activities, organic growing, local matters, membership, etc., and, of course, refreshments.

My comments, most certainly, are that

this is the way a Federation unit should function. In small groups it is not so hard to find leaders and/or to get members to take part. Kitsap Health Federation is planning on assisting in the formation of other small chapters. Our congratulations to President Kennedy, Stanley Stewart, and the other fine folk who are members of this wonderful Federation chapter.

Membership

Under our new membership plan, those who join prior to June first will be members from January first to December thirty-first of the year in which they join. These members will receive the back issues of the **Bulletin** which they have missed.

Those who join after June first will be members from June first of the year in which they join until May thirty-first of the following year. This will make the membership dues due and payable on January first for one group and on June first for the other group. We hope that this will result in getting a greater volume of members during the latter half of the year.

House Passes Cigarette Funds

WASHINGTON—The House passed and sent to the Senate Wednesday a \$5.2 billion agriculture appropriations bill which included \$1.5 million to finance research aimed at making cigarettes safer.

The annual money bill, which covers price supports, soil conservation, research, meat and poultry inspection and other farm-related activities, was approved on a 311 to 64 roll call vote.

The cigarette research funds were voted after members shouted down a proposal to end price supports on tobacco "as a moral question."

Judicial Review of Orders

Hearing Before the Subcommittee on Public Health and Safety
of the

Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce
House of Representatives—Eighty-eighth Congress

First Session on H.R. 3408

A Bill to Amend the Public Health Service Act to Provide Judicial Review of
Agency Orders Concerning Biological Products

July 9, 1963

Statement of Clinton R. Miller, National Health Federation

Mr. Miller. We have prepared a short statement for a short bill.

The National Health Federation is a national organization with thousands of members who believe in freedom of choice in matters of health where the exercise of that freedom does not interfere with the safety or health of another and thereby deny him an equal freedom.

We favor any legislation that is designed to prevent or correct any accidental or deliberate maladministration of any laws governing the health of Americans. The present bill is primarily written to correct rather than prevent unjust acts but will serve to deter improper agency rulings.

The National Health Federation endorses H.R. 3408 by Representative Libonati of Illinois. We compliment him for its introduction. We respectfully urge this subcommittee to give the bill a favorable report. We are pleased that this busy subcommittee has scheduled hearings on Mr. Libonati's bill at this time.

Mr. Roberts. Thank you very much for your appearance and we appreciate your statement.

Mr. Brotzman. With respect to your organization the National Health Federation, you said you represent thousands of people?

Mr. Miller. Yes, sir.

Mr. Brotzman. What is the basic objective of your organization?

Mr. Miller. It is stated in my first paragraph. We fight for freedom of choice in matters of health. We feel that people should have the same freedom to make a determination in health that they have in religion. We feel if an error is made the person himself suffers for it and we feel in this country if we had the same rights in the matters of health as we have in matters of religion it would be a far healthier country.

Mr. Brotzman. Do you have organizations in all of the States of the Union?

Mr. Miller. I believe we have members in just about every State. Without having the records available—I never had that question presented—but I know we have them in most every State.

Mr. Brotzman. I have one more question.

You probably stated this but I did not hear it. What is your relationship to the organization?

Mr. Miller. I am assistant to the president of the National Health Federation in charge of the Washington office.

Mr. Roberts. Thank you.

This will conclude hearings on H.R. 3406, H.R. 3407, and H.R. 3408, gentlemen.

Mr. Libonati. These are from all over the country as to the programing of the bill. I have hundreds of letters also in addition to these cards.

Mr. Roberts. Without objection, they will be included in the files of the committee.

(Continued on next page)

Mr. Miller. I believe these postcards are from members of the National Health Federation which Mr. Libonati is holding up.

Mr. Harris. I think, Mr. Chairman, the cards might be referred to in the record and if Mr. Miller desires, I would suggest that he be permitted to take them on back with him.

Should we have any need for them we could ask him for them.

Mr. Roberts. With that recommendation, the hearings on this bill are concluded and the record will remain open for five additional legislative days for filing of any additional statements or information.

The hearing is adjourned.

(The following statement was received for the record:)

**Supplemental Statement of the
National Health Federation on
H.R. 3408**

At the conclusion of the July 9 hearing on Mr. Libonati's bill, H.R. 3408, Representative Harris kindly volunteered to turn over the letters and post cards to the National Health Federation's Washington office, which had been written by our members favoring the bill. Rather than request that each individual's statement be included in the record we have compiled these names by States and request that they be made a part of the record as favoring the bill, H.R. 3408. This will aid interested Congressmen to quickly find constituents who are on record as favoring the bill.

**Members of the N.H.F. Who Sent
Letters or Post Cards Favoring
H.R. 3408**

The names and addresses of each of these were filed and the record has page after page of them. This only goes to show how important it is to write, when requested.

Johnson Signs Pesticide Bill

WASHINGTON (UP)—President Johnson signed into law Tuesday a bill to provide tighter government control over use of pesticides.

In a White House ceremony, Mr. Johnson said the government's concern "must always be the health of every American."

The new law ended the procedure under which manufacturers could market a pesticide even though it had not obtained government clearance.

**Suds Those Spuds and
Other Produce**

Washing fresh fruits and vegetables with a light solution of soap or detergent suds, then rinsing thoroughly, is recommended as a health safeguard since such washing will remove any radiation debris deposited from the air.

This sudsing is also a good general health measure because it removes insecticides, dirt, and other contamination picked up during the growing, shipping, and marketing.

Claims for Geritol Hit

WASHINGTON — A Federal Trade Commission examiner ruled yesterday that the makers of Geritol liquid and tablets have made false claims about the effectiveness of the products.

FTC examiner Abner E. Lipscomb said Geritol would benefit only a small minority of Americans who suffer from iron and vitamin deficiencies.

He issued an order to require the manufacturer, J. B. Williams Co., Inc., of New York, to stop making the alleged false claims.

Lipscomb's ruling is subject to appeal to the commission. A spokesman for the company said an appeal will be made.

To Use or Not to Use

By Howard Long

Executive Secretary, N.H.F.

For years there have been controversies in the lay and professional groups regarding the use of aluminum cookware. While it is not the desire of, nor in the province of, National Health Federation to make specific recommendations, we do feel the subject is sufficiently important to call to the attention of our members. As Americans we still have the right to choose. We should choose wisely.

Recently, the American Medical Association publicized materials on the subject of aluminum cookware. They stated, in effect, that the health food quack is of the opinion that "certain types of cooking utensils are harmful. Some proclaim that aluminum utensils are poisoning our bodies which makes a good entree to sale of 'nonpoisonous' cooking utensils. The American Cancer Society says that use of aluminum vessels does not contaminate food nor contribute to the development of disease; nor does the AMA Council on Foods and Nutrition report any scientific basis for the claim."

Aluminum salts are the substances chemically involved in the argument against aluminum cookware. The salts are the end result of the chemical changes occurring when an aluminum vessel is used for cooking. One of these salts is used as an abrasive in refractories, as a filler for paints and varnishes, in the manufacture of pottery, porcelain, dental cements, glass, and artificial gems, and also for absorbing gases, water vapors and in chromatographic analyses. These are the only uses described in the **U.S. Dispensatory** or in the **Merck Index**. Both of these references are used and respected by the

professional societies in the United States today (including the American Medical Association). Another of these salts is used as an escharotic and another for tanning, as a mordant, in paper sizing, as a dyeing agent, water purifier, in fireproofing, waterproofing, in deodorants, in petroleum processing, etc. Nothing here indicates either of them to have a valuable quality in nutrition. It is true, however, that refined salts are used in certain compounds for medical purposes which are, of course, closely controlled.

In a recent conference on cancer, a paper was delivered in which it stated that in many post mortems the gall bladder was contaminated with aluminum, indicating pronounced "corrosion" from the deposits. Aluminum salts are cumulative in the body. In the **British Medical Journal** an article also appeared in which it was stated that 17 cases of gastric disturbances were cured simply by eliminating aluminum cooking utensils in each case. It is also known that certain salts cause dermatitis, bronchial asthma and upper respiratory inflammation!

Our chemical environment is quite complicated today. It would seem appropriate that each of us, then, try to control the amounts of foreign substances we ingest in our daily lives. Taking a questionable substance into our bodies, or one known to produce ill effects, is foolhardy. Further, when we have any choice in a matter, it is simply a matter of intelligence to choose the best.

(Continued on next page)

Regarding aluminum cooking ware specifically, we are often told that it is still used in homes because it is comparatively inexpensive. Have you priced the very inexpensive enamelware lately? Also, there are Pyrex and stainless-steel cooking utensils to be considered.

A Memorial That Will Aid the Living

If you wish to make a memorial gift we will be glad to send an appropriate card to the family of the deceased. Amount of the gift is not given, but the donor's name is unless we receive advice to the contrary. Gifts may be from \$1.00. Donors receive receipts when requested.

Special Gifts for Special Occasions

A lasting gift brings your love or feeling of friendship to the recipient each and every month when that generosity and thoughtfulness is expressed through a gift membership or subscription from N.H.F. Such gifts provide educational materials to the recipient and at the same time enable N.H.F. to continue its work for all people.

Butylated Hydroxyanisol Anyone?

There is a popular cooking oil on the market in a lovely new bottle with a lovely new label and some not so lovely new ingredients. The additives are to insure freshness and to retard toxicity, say the manufacturers. Further, the additives are approved by our FDA. The first is Butylated Hydroxyanisol. The **Merck Index** says this product is widely used as an antioxidant in foods. The second additive is Butylated Hydroxytoluene which **Merck** says is also used as an antioxidant in food, petroleum products, synthetic rubbers, plastics, animal and vegetable oils, soaps, and as an anti-skinning agent in paints and inks. It CAN cause a sensitization type of dermatitis and **practically** no systemic toxicity. The third additive is methyl silicone which is used in electrical insulation, heat-resistant paints

and varnishes in protective and decorative finishes.

I wonder how many N.H.F. members use this oil or are rushing to the store to get it? Not many, I feel sure. I wonder how many housewives even bother to read labels, and I wonder how many that do, bother to find out what these additives are? I also wonder what happened to the natural antioxidants that could be used by the oil producers? Maybe they are more expensive!

Drug Firm Fined \$80,000

WASHINGTON, June 4—A major drug company was fined \$80,000 by a federal judge Thursday for making false and incomplete statements to the government on the safety of the anticholesterol drug, MER-29.

In a landmark case, William S. Merrell Co. was fined \$60,000, and its parent, Richardson-Merrell, Inc., \$20,000.

These were maximum amounts of \$10,000 on each of eight counts of a federal indictment.

The firms had pleaded "no contest" on the counts, which Judge Matthew M. McGuire said was equivalent to a guilty plea.

In return, the government recommended dropping four additional counts of the indictment.

At the same time, Judge McGuire of the U.S. District Court here gave suspended sentences and placed on probation three former Merrell scientists involved in submitting the MER-29 data to the Food and Drug Administration.

—From **Los Angeles Times**.

N.H.F. Editor's Note: We wonder if Food and Drug—week after week and year after year—will continue to publicize this conviction as it does with men and firms cited or convicted for selling harmless food supplements?

Freedom in Health Should Be Safeguarded

Statement of the National Health Federation

*Before the Senate Subcommittee on Departments of Labor and Health,
Education, and Welfare and Related Agencies*

By Clinton R. Miller

Legislative Advocate of the National Health Federation

June 25, 1964

Mr. Chairman, and Members of the Committee:

I am Clinton Miller, legislative advocate for the National Health Federation. I wish to make a brief oral statement, and submit a written statement for the record, if I may.

Mr. Chairman, the National Health Federation is a relatively new association. This is our tenth year. The Federation was organized to help its members exercise a responsible, reasonable, and informed freedom of choice in matters of health.

A concern with health freedom rather naturally leads us to watch for and oppose monopolies in health matters. It is generally recognized that monopolies destroy freedom. We are anxious to see that the Government plays its proper role in health matters. We recognize that it has a role when the exercise of health freedom of one individual might endanger the health or safety of another. Certainly, however, Congress should not appropriate money to foster monopolies. We feel that in some instances they have done just that, and worse, in matters of health.

The first concern of our constitutional government should be to see that its citizens are free. This principle applies as well to health matters as it does to matters of commerce or religion. An American should be as free to shop around for the products and services he feels will contribute to his health as he

is to shop for the products and services that clothe, shelter, and transport him. The American way of life is best known for its tremendous variety of choice. Our founding fathers didn't seem to be as concerned that we would make the right choice as they were that we would have the right to make a choice.

Benjamin Rush, signer of the Declaration of Independence, said:

"The Constitution of the Republic should make provision for medical freedom as well as religious freedom. To restrict the art of healing to one class of men and deny equal privilege to others will constitute the bastille of medical science."

I might add that if we restrict governmental appropriations to governmental agencies which are wholly dominated by one approach to health, we end up with the same bastille.

We should be as free in matters of health as we are in matters of religion. In America today there is a great history-making struggle to determine whether or not we are as free to choose our way into the grave from mortality as we are to choose the way we believe will take us out of the grave into immortality.

It must be admitted that if we make a bad choice in matters of religion, if the dogma of some churches is right, that we may spend several million years or forever in hell. Yet we are constitutionally free to make this tremendously

(Continued on next page)

significant religious choice, and we should be. The worst we can possibly do if we make a bad health choice is to hasten our entrance into the grave by a few years.

We ask, therefore, that this Appropriations Subcommittee restrict the appropriations of the health agencies that attempt to restrict freedom of choice in matters of health by American citizens until those agencies cease the practice.

Thank you.

U.S. Approves Sale of Banned Drug

WASHINGTON, June 15—The Food and Drug Administration said Monday that it would permit renewed sales of a drug used on severely depressed mental patients despite its history of having caused 15 deaths and 50 strokes.

A spokesman for the agency said it had been decided to permit the drug Parnate to be returned to the market after experts had agreed that its results on mental patients justified the hazards of its side effects.

Parnate, manufactured by Smith, Kline & French Laboratories, Philadelphia, was removed from the market in February after three years of sales. Besides deaths and strokes attributed to the drug, about 430 other patients suffered hypertension after using it.

The agency spokesman said Parnate would be available to physicians in about six weeks, but under drastically revised labeling.

N.H.F. Note: Approve known dangerous drug but fight nontoxic natural health aids?

Sabin said that "no human cancer has as yet been proved to be caused by a virus."

Even Aphids Shun Aluminum

Science may have found a substitute for poisonous pesticides. Experiments of the U.S. Department of Agriculture, conducted jointly with Cornell University experts, show that reflective sheets of aluminum foil, along with nontoxic aluminum sprays, have diverted disease-bearing flying aphids from plants. Tests will go on, to see whether other insects react similarly. The scientists admit they do not know exactly why the aphids shun the aluminum—they just do.

—From N.Y. Journal American.

FDA Warns Vegetable Oil Firms

WASHINGTON—The Food and Drug Administration warned yesterday that it will take legal action unless producers drop what the agency called misbranding of vegetable oil products with "claims that they are 'polyunsaturated' and thus supposedly effective in treating or preventing heart or artery disease."

George P. Larrick, FDA commissioner, made the announcement at a meeting of FDA's Public Service Committee, composed of representatives of national consumer organizations.

All-out War on Fruit Flies Begins

SACRAMENTO—An all-out war on fruit flies has been started by the Departments of Agriculture of the U.S., California and Mexico. They plan to attack the fly where it will count the most—in its sex life.

Scientists are dolling up in paint and sterilizing 30,000 male flies for release among the females in Mexico. The resultant matings are expected to lead to race destruction in the Mexican fruit fly world.

Drug Accelerates Cancer in Rats

PORTLAND, Oregon—A birth control pill widely used by American women speeds development of cancers already present in laboratory animals, three doctors report.

It is Enovid, which has been sold for several years as a prescription drug.

The findings of Doctors William Fletcher, J. Englebert Dunphy and E. Douglas McSweeney, Jr. at the University of Oregon medical school will be presented at the American Medical Association meeting in San Francisco next week.

A preliminary report was published in the May 4 issue of the *Journal of the American Medical Association*. It said that in laboratory tests on rats with hormone-sensitive breast cancers, the drug accelerated the development and growth of tumors.

"This does not mean that the same thing is true in humans, but does mean that a great deal more study needs to be done on the relationship of hormones and cancer," Dr. Fletcher said. Breast cancer kills thousands of women yearly.

Medics Hit Tranquilizer Misuse

NEW YORK—To soothe their aching psyches, Americans now consume such volumes of tranquilizers, amphetamines and barbituates that their misuse now rivals that of narcotics.

The New York Academy of Medicine, one of the nation's influential medical organizations, has once again struck out against such indiscriminate pill-popping. In a special report of its committee on public health, the academy has called for stricter new federal laws and enforcement of existing laws.

In particular the academy wants these

chemicals kept out of the hands of juveniles, who, the committee said, can injure their health, incur poisoning or addiction, or, under the influence of these drugs, engage in antisocial or immoral acts.

The committee reports that Americans now manufacture 852,000 pounds of barbituates a year, enough for 33 tablets for every man, woman and child in the United States. As for tranquilizers, the nation ate a mountain of chemical, weight 1,400,000 pounds. They gave no figures on the production of amphetamines.

Police Urge Initiative to Curb Sale of Percodan

LOS ANGELES—Police officials from four communities in Southern California yesterday joined in support of a proposed initiative to force the state to curb the sale of Percodan and similar drugs.

Soviets Cut Fluorides in Water

WASHINGTON, June 3—American scientists are watching with interest a recently announced project by the Soviet Union to defluoridate water in the Moscow region.

A Public Health Service scientist hailed the project as "a remarkably big step" and one that might stir other large cities throughout the world to take similar action where it is required.

Dr. Ervin Bellack, chief chemist for the division of dental public health and resources of the Public Health Service, said that foreign nations have been "more reluctant than the United States" to deal with problems involving fluoridation, whether it is too much of the chemical in water supplies or too little.

—From the New York Journal American, June 3, 1964.

Government Fails to Limit Health Claims for Wheat Germ Oil

The Federal Trade Commission's case over advertising claims for VioBin wheat germ oil was dismissed last week after three days of testimony and cross-examination that was as full of suspense as any television courtroom show. The dramatic high point was reached when cross-examination by defense attorney Solomon Friend forced the government's chief witness, Prof. Peter C. Karpovich, to admit that he had used unfair testing methods in an attempt to discredit VioBin advertising. FTC staff counsel told **Health Bulletin** that it is now up to the Justice Department to decide if action is to be taken against Prof. Karpovich. The hearings were held in Springfield, Mass.

VioBin has been advertising that its wheat germ oil "helps heart action, gives more strength, stamina, vigor." Those claims are based on a research study conducted in 1953 by a University of Illinois scientist, Thomas Kirk Cureton. His work showed that middle-aged men who took wheat germ oil as a supplement responded better to physical conditioning exercises than men who didn't take wheat germ oil.

Over four years ago, Karpovich complained to the FTC that the study by Cureton, a former student of the professor, was not accurate and that VioBin's claims were false. The FTC then gave Karpovich a \$4,800 grant to study the effects of wheat germ oil. When Karpovich's study was complete, the FTC used it as the basis for a complaint against VioBin advertising claims.

Under cross-examination, however, Karpovich revealed that he had used some other brand of oil for his test, not VioBin, and that he had cut the test dosage in half. And instead of using cottonseed oil as a placebo, he gave the non-wheat germ oil group candy. His testimony was further colored by evidence that he had made a statement to the vice-president of his college (Springfield College, Springfield, Mass.) indicating that he believed his study would show that VioBin wheat germ oil would not do what its ads claimed.

Hearing Examiner Abner Lipscomb didn't bother to hear out defense witnesses, who were scheduled to testify later at Urbana, Ill. "I have heard enough," he said, after listening to Prof. Karpovich's cross-examination. "The testimony of the witness and the records show the experiment wasn't properly conducted," he commented.

Ezra Levin, President of VioBin, is the same man who perfected the inexpensive fish flour that has been the cause of controversy in the government. Food and Drug Commissioner George Larrick says the fish flour is impure because it is made of whole fish, but other government departments want it cleared so it can be used to feed poor people in hungry, protein-starved nations.

— From **Health Bulletin**, July 4, 1964.

NATIONAL HEALTH FEDERATION BULLETIN

FDA Preparing "Overhaul" of Vitamin, Diet Standards

By William Grigg
Star Staff Writer

After two years of delay, the Federal Government's "major overhaul" of required standards in the vitamin and diet food industries is being readied again.

The final order by the Food and Drug Administration will provide standards for low-calorie foods and is expected to greatly reduce the claims made by some groups of the vitamin and special foods industries.

A Harvard nutritionist has estimated that Americans spend \$1 billion a year on vitamins and special foods—and, in his view, receive very little in return.

"Myths" the Problem

He and most trained nutritionists and, of course, FDA, are worried by products sold by deliberate cultivation of nutrition myths, by misleading advertising and labeling, and by implications that consumers can get spectacular pep, potency and power from an over-the-counter vitamin pill.

FDA Commissioner George P. Larrick said the delay in developing new vitamin regulations resulted from the burden of devising new drug regulations under new legislation. This effort has kept the agency's specialists in writing regulations too busy for them to continue the work on vitamins.

Mr. Larrick said an FDA order may come in the next three or four months.

If it follows the original proposals it would recognize 12 vitamins and minerals as useful in supplements: Vitamins A, B6, B12, C, D, thiamine, riboflavin, niacin, calcium, phosphorus, iron and iodine.

Ranges Listed

The proposed regulations also indicate

"appropriate" ranges for the quantities of each of the 12 vitamins and minerals. For example, a vitamin pill manufacturer would not be able to specify on his label that a pill contains more than 7,500 units of vitamin A, and would thus be discouraged from making pills with excessive amounts of the vitamin.

Other vitamins and minerals are regarded as essential in the diet, according to the proposals, but are so plentiful that no implication should be made—even by listing them with the 12 approved vitamins and minerals—as being of value in the product.

Unproved or unnecessary vitamins, minerals and ingredients would not be permitted to be listed along with the approved vitamins on foods or pills in any way that would encourage a buyer to believe these other factors have known value.

Foods claiming value as protein supplements would have to meet standards of not only protein quantity but quality. There would be two ranges for these products, one for a label as a "good" source and the other for an "excellent" labeling.

Products with nutrients that deteriorate would be required to state this on their label and give an expiration date.

Foods for weight reducers would have to state that they are useful only when they are a part of a calorie-controlled total diet.

"Non-fattening" labels could be used if the product has no more than five calories in an average serving and provides no more than 10 calories in the average daily intake.

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A "low calorie" food could contain no more than 15 calories in an average serving.

An item called "lower in calories" would have to name the comparable higher calorie food and specify the calorie content of both.

The FDA's Aim

FDA Commissioner Larrick said he does not believe these regulations will harm the old-line, conservative makers of daily vitamins. But the FDA would have stronger powers against a wide range of manufacturers who operate on the fringes of quackery, he indicated.

Oddly enough, the Government's use of "minimum daily requirement" to describe the quantity of vitamins found useful in the diet has helped the promoters of super-vitamins. Many consumers are thought to believe that if

this is a "minimum," they should take more for maximum effect.

The "minimum" would be dropped under the proposed regulations and the same quantities of vitamins and minerals would be called, more accurately, "daily requirements."

The new FDA order probably also will require more specific information in the labels of special substitutes for human milk for infants.

—From the *Sunday Star*, Washington, D.C.

N.H.F. Editor's Note: The Federation's Washington office is watching this development, so be on the alert and ready to act quickly when N.H.F. sends out the call for action. We suggest you talk to your Congressman when he is home. He is up for election and needs your vote.

A Memorial That Will Aid the Living

MEMORIAL DONATIONS SINCE JANUARY 1964

Flowers fade and are soon forgotten, but donations to memorial funds continue to honor the departed by blessing humanity.

Deceased	Survivor	Sent In by
Dr. Ernest Weltmer	Ruth and Pierre Weltmer Denyse Detloff	Victoria Whittacre
Mrs. L. Myers	James Myers	Akron Health Federation and friends
Ross Figlomenia	Rose Figlomenia	Clara Neimeyer
Fred Hazen	Alma Hazen	Clara Neimeyer
Ester Fray	August Fray	Clara Neimeyer
Althea A. Levy	Mrs. Mose Levy	Anna A. Williamson
Paul McBride	Dr. R. J. McBride	Board of the San Diego County Federation, Inc.
Bert Meints	Mrs. Bert Meints	Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Schwarz
Ruth Vinson		Mrs. Bert Meints
Dr. L. A. Moe	Mrs. L. A. Moe	Ramsey City Organic Garden Club
Everett Allen	Mrs. Dorothy Allen	Mrs. Dorothy Allen
General Douglas MacArthur	Mrs. Douglas MacArthur	Clara Neimeyer
Rachel Carson		Clara Neimeyer

Warning on Every Pack

Starting next year, every cigarette package and ad must carry a statement of health hazard, the Federal Trade Commission decides. The agency may be in for a fight.

The tobacco industry has just been ordered to tell smokers its products may kill them.

Until this week, official bodies in Washington had been cautiously studying what action to take in line with the Surgeon General's report that cigarette smoking is hazardous to health. Talk had gone on so long that the House Commerce Committee was startled when Federal Trade Commission Chairman Paul Rand Dixon told it at midweek that FTC is waiting no longer for action.

New Rule

After January 1, 1965, for packaging and after July 1, 1965, for advertising, Dixon said, the industry must abide by a new FTC rule:

"It is an unfair or deceptive act or practice within the meaning of Section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act . . . to fail to disclose clearly and prominently in all advertising and on every pack, box, carton, or other container in which cigarettes are sold to the consuming public that cigarette smoking is dangerous to health and may cause death from cancer and other diseases."

Dixon's statement was particularly jolting to the House committee since it was made at a hearing called for the very purpose of examining the agency's authority to promulgate such a regulation. FTC had announced shortly after publication of the Surgeon General's report in January that it would adopt stern labeling requirements.

Against the Trend

Dixon's surprise announcement flew in the face of the stand of the Depart-

ment of Health, Education, and Welfare, which is counseling delay, and of a question of divided authority between FTC and the Food and Drug Administration, which thinks it should specify any health warnings on cigarette packages.

It rocked the cigarette industry, which has been feeling increasingly confident that election-year pressures would prevent further federal action at this time and allow it to put into effect its own advertising code, enforced by former New Jersey Governor Robert B. Meyner as administrator.

FTC's action also ignored the position of the Justice Department, which only a few days ago decided it would not stand in the way of the tobacco industry's code, pending further consideration in Congress and at FTC.

Grim Stand

Thus, Dixon opened the gate to possible legislative and judicial attack on his commission and political attack on himself. He grimly and defiantly told Chairman Oren Harris' committee that FTC intends to go through with its action.

Dixon concluded by referring to proposals that labeling authority be put under FDA. He suggested "that this committee withhold final action upon these bills until it has had an opportunity to consider in detail the commission's action and report."

"I don't think the chairman [Harris] liked that last sentence," said a committee staff member. "Regulatory agencies don't often tell him what to do."

AMA Acts

While the tobacco industry could mount a challenge to FTC's authority in court, it is going to have more difficulty handling another attack made on
(Continued on next page)

it this week. The American Medical Association adopted its strongest statement yet that "cigarette smoking is a serious health hazard."

N.H.F. Editor's Note: Readers of the *Bulletin* will recall that Clinton Miller, N.H.F. Washington representative, presented testimony at the FTC hearing on this matter and recommended such a label. The N.H.F. recommendation went further by insisting that all poisonous substance used in the raising and handling of the tobacco plant which remained in or on the tobacco should be listed on the label, etc. Suffice to say the National Health Federation will support the FTC in their stand regarding the stating on the label that smoking cigarettes is a danger to health and may cause death.

U.S. Plans New Pesticide Tests Across Nation

WASHINGTON—The Agriculture Department is conducting a new monitoring program across the United States to find out whether pesticides used on farms are harmful in any way to water, crops or wildlife.

—From the *San Diego Union*, June 14, 1964.

Vida Man Loses MER/29 Case

MER/29 did not cause the physical deterioration of a Vida man, a Lane County Circuit Court jury ruled Monday.

The nine-woman, three-man jury deliberated about five hours before announcing a unanimous verdict for Richardson-Merrell, Inc., a New York City drug manufacturer. The firm was sued by Joseph H. Lewis, 59, who said he took the drug MER/29, a blood cholesterol reducer, in 1961 and that it ruined his health.

Lewis sought \$750,000 damages. He

claimed the drug caused cirrhosis of the liver, skin reactions, hair loss and impotence.

Asked if he will appeal the case to the State Supreme Court, attorney Randolph Slocum of Roseburg, Lewis' counsel, replied that "It would be hard to say right now."

Doctors Turning Against AMA on Cigaret Issue

Congressman Frank Thompson (Dem., N.J.) last week launched a new attack on the American Medical Association. He cited developments indicating that the AMA's unconscionable position on the hazards of smoking has "stirred up a hornet's nest within the medical fraternity."

"More and more doctors are beginning to question the AMA's curious reluctance to come right out and say that cigaret smoking is dangerous to health," he said.

Thompson recalled that, earlier this year, a committee of medical scientists, headed by the U.S. Surgeon General, issued a report on their "exhaustive analysis" of numerous studies of the effects of smoking. Among other things, the report pointed out that "the death rate of cigaret smokers is 70 per cent higher than for non-smokers; that cigaret smoking far outweighs all other causes of lung cancer, is the most important cause of chronic bronchitis, and also causes acute heart troubles."

Pussyfooting Advice

"The AMA's response to that report," Thompson said further, "was to accept \$10 million from the tobacco industry for a study of the relationship between smoking and health, and to oppose a move by the Federal Trade Commission to label cigarets as a health hazard."

Safeguards Asked in Use of Pesticides

SACRAMENTO—Consumers must be protected against agricultural pesticides, two witnesses at a Senate Interim Committee hearing said yesterday.

Mrs. Helen Nelson, state consumer counsel, said her "primary recommendation" was that the responsibility for protecting the public from pesticidal pollution be placed in the state Department of Public Health, rather than in the Department of Agriculture.

The Senate Fact-finding Committee on Agriculture is conducting an investigation to determine if more legislation is needed to control pesticides.

She said the accumulated amount of DDT in the bodies of adults in the United States is higher than the maximum tolerance allowed for beef shipped in interstate commerce.

Prohibition Sought

She also recommended that farmers be prohibited from using pesticides on crops already in surplus.

"If the use of a pesticide makes a green drop (crop reduction) necessary to 'stabilize the market,' why should consumers assume the risk of pesticide sprays or dusts?" she asked. She urged legislation requiring authorization for the use of pesticides be reviewed annually.

She also recommended state law should require that before a chemical pesticide is licensed, proof should be submitted by the manufacturer that it will be a public benefit, not a hazard.

Favored Consumer

Mrs. Laura Tallian of Sunnyside, San Diego County, testified that "The cow is the favored consumer, better protected than the human being." She said she

represented "the committee for biological pest control in agriculture."

She said state officials refuse to recognize that certain pesticides cause cancer and the births of handicapped children, that officials are encouraging the use of pesticides which poison the soil and that University of California is "acting as an advertising agency" for chemical companies.

She also charged that officials are rejecting safe methods of pest control and that state law is a "legal hoax which protects chemical companies rather than the consumer."

—From the *San Diego Union*, Oct. 24, 1963.

N.H.F. Editor's Note: Mrs. Nelson will find the National Health Federation in full support of her recommendation as contained in this article. The Department of Agriculture has too great a conflict of interest to have control of such health dangers.

Sabin Isolates Virus — May Be Link to Cancer

SAN FRANCISCO—A virus has been isolated that could be linked with human cancer, the famed developer of the oral polio vaccine disclosed Monday night.

Dr. Albert Sabin and his colleagues at Cincinnati College of Medicine discovered the virus in the tumor of an 18-year youth suffering from cancer of the thymus gland in the upper chest cavity.

"I've never worked with a virus that behaved like this one," Dr. Sabin said, but added that after several months of intensive research the virus remained cloaked in a "mystery shroud."

Senator Goldwater Says:

Taxpayers' Funds Finance Invasion of Children's Privacy

WASHINGTON—As the result of a rather slick bit of parliamentary legerdemain, your children and mine now may be forced to answer questions concerning the most intimate family relationships and other subjects no adult American could now be made to answer, even in court.

Even worse, the enormous taxes you already pay to support government bureaucracy will go, in part, to finance this indirect inquisition into your most personal affairs.

All this came about recently during the long and drawn-out battle over extension and expansion of the National Defense Education Act of 1958. As finally approved, the measure calls for the expenditure of approximately \$1.6 billion through fiscal 1967.

Actually, the cost will be much greater, because the amount called for would cover only vocational education through that period. Other phases of the program are covered only until June 30, 1965.

The legislation concerns federal assistance for individuals, school construction, impacted areas and other related matters. Among these, in practice at least, is pupil "testing," a word that conceals a shockingly large variety of evils.

Under this heading, children have been made to tell their inquisitors whether they have had sexual relations, have ever broken into warehouses, have stolen money, have fought physically with their parents. They also have been asked which of their parents is fairer in meting out punishment and whether they wish their parents had as much money

and education as do the parents of their classmates.

Obviously, the replies to many of these questions could be self-incriminating and any child would be well within his rights in refusing to answer them. But school children whose parents cannot afford to send them to private schools are not likely to get involved in long and expensive court fights to prove the point.

I long have opposed federal financing of such personal probing and in 1961 unsuccessfully introduced an amendment that would have outlawed expenditure of United States funds for these purposes. The same amendment failed again this year.

—From the *Seattle Times*, Jan. 2, 1964.

N.H.F. Editor's Note: The amendment mentioned was suggested by the Washington office of the National Health Federation.

Hemet Men Acquitted on Medical Charges

HEMET—Kannu V. Rajan and Verdine Mjolsness, both associated with Meadowlark Farm, were found not guilty of charges that they practiced medicine without proper licenses following three days of trial before Judge Edward Dales of Riverside Municipal Court.

Will the Milk Be the Same?

Strontium 90: A 17-man research team from the Public Health Service and the Department of Agriculture has developed a process which eliminates 98% of strontium 90 from milk. Milk is first treated to increase its acidity, then is passed through pipes or columns containing beads of chemical ion-exchange resins.

—From *AMA News*, June 22, 1964.

Beemen Warn of Chemical Ills

WASHINGTON (UPI) — Spokesmen for the nation's beekeepers and one of the world's foremost natural scientists warned Wednesday that insect poisons that indiscriminately kill wildlife also may be endangering man's existence.

The beekeepers dramatically displayed before a Senate subcommittee a large variety of foods whose production is dependent on bees for pollination of plants. They said that without bees the plants could not be grown and the foods would disappear from the markets. And Dr. Roger Tory Peterson, renowned ornithologist, said many species of birds were in danger of extinction.

They blamed the insect poisons—endrin, aldrin and dieldrin—for killing birds and bees as well as undesirable insects.

James Hambleton, a Brookville, Md., beekeeper, explained to Senator Abraham Ribicoff (D., Conn.) and Senator James B. Pearson (R., Kan.) members of the subcommittee, that most vegetable crops were absolutely dependent on bees for cross pollination.

He said since insecticides have killed off almost the entire wild bee population, this process is now dependent on use of commercial bees.

The same holds true of a great many field crops, including alfalfa and other legumes used as animal feed.

Hambleton reeled off a list of more than 50 common fruits, vegetables, berries and melons which require bees.

—From *Deseret News*, Salt Lake, April 23, 1964.

One should count each day a separate life.—*Seneca*.

New Rules on Vitamins for Cows

SACRAMENTO (June 17, 1964)—The state has decreed new rules concerning milk and cows, aimed at protecting consumers, effective July 11.

The regulations were announced by State Agriculture Director Charles Paul.

One will require identification of dairy cows known to be carrying pesticide residues. It is added to rules already forbidding the sale or transportation of such animals.

Officials said it would make California the first state to provide the added protection from pesticide-carrying cows, regarded as a health hazard.

The other regulation will require distributors to obtain a state permit before adding any vitamins or minerals to market milk or market milk products.

It was put into effect, the state said, because some distributors have been lax in adding enough vitamins to their milk to meet their advertised guarantees.

Consumers Bulletin for June Says

The special dietary food stores do a business of one-half million dollars a year. This figure comes from the Food and Drug Administration, which seems to disapprove of the enterprise. Such stores specialize, among other things, in such items as fresh wholegrain cereals, breads, and flour refrigerated to insure freshness. They also promote fruits and vegetables grown on fertile soils without poisonous insecticides. Now it appears—according to the federal agency—that many low-income families are buying "costly and often unnecessary food and food supplements" that they "can ill afford." One nutrition magazine points out that this concern

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of Federal officials might be better directed toward the vast sums spent on tobacco, alcoholic beverages, candy and soft drinks, which not only account for enormous outlays of consumers' hard-earned money, but present clear and medically recognized health hazards as well.

Betty J. Morales Says Educators Need Educating

"Industrial Education" is the term now being used to refer to the entire program which includes vocational education, industrial arts and technical education.

San Diego (Calif.) State College workshops include a workshop in **fighting health frauds**. It is described as "...dealing with quackery and the law, arthritis, nutrition, medicine, cancer; with education and psychology against quackery and the post office, and quackery and the consumer."

Two units for college credit will be given for satisfactory completion of this course, which may be taken three times for a total of six college credits. The class runs from August 10 to 21, and is **actively supported by grants** and personnel from official voluntary and professional agencies at local and national levels, as well as by city and county schools.

It is doubtful if Dr. Malcom A. Love, President of San Diego State College, knows what rank quackery such a "workshop" is! The "work" that will be done is just one more proof of the health monopoly which has been keeping the truth from Americans ever since Dr. Harvey A. Wiley's original Pure Food laws and regulations were scuttled in favor of furthering the very people and firms the law was supposed to regulate.

This class itself will be fraudulent unless its "official voluntary and profes-

sional personnel" expose as unprecedented frauds:

1. Cancer treatment monopoly prohibits a victim from choosing the treatment he may wish; only radiation, X-ray and surgery may be used in the treatment of cancer.

2. There is not one single documented case of internal metastasised cancer cured by any or all of these **ONLY** legal methods of treatment. The average victim spends in excess of \$10,000 today to "die legally" of cancer.

3. There are thousands of former cancer victims who have been free of all symptoms for five years or longer, constituting a "legal cure." These living witnesses have been scorned by "official voluntary and professional agencies," including the AMA and HEW, because they dared to seek their cures through "unrecognized" modalities such as Laetrile, Koch, Krebiozen, Hoxsey, and nutrition.

4. The National Institutes of Health, which receive nearly 200 million tax payers' dollars yearly, have **NEVER** done ANY health research. Rather, they are used as blinds to "research" new drugs, and disease! This statement, recently made by the Washington lobbyist for the National Health Federation before a Senate subcommittee investigating drug monopoly, stands uncontested although the Committee Chairman called a recess for the purpose of substantiating or withdrawing the statement, prior to publication in the Congressional Record. The statement still stands!

5. Arthritis: called "incurable" by "medical consensus," that booby-trap of scientific truth; what research is being done by NIH to determine what part diet and nutritional deficiencies may play in this rapidly increasing curse? Will the San Diego State Workshop per-

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mit former arthritis victims, with properly validated medical records, to tell how they overcame their arthritis?

Reported by Betty Lee Morales and John T. Clark in **Organic Consumer Report**.

Epidemic Slowed

ABERDEEN, Scotland—City health authorities yesterday closed a butcher shop and a food factory in intensified efforts to halt the typhoid epidemic that has hospitalized 412 persons. Only 10 new cases were reported hospitalized up to midafternoon yesterday, bringing the total to 412—345 confirmed.

Some Fowl Livers Have Much Arsenic

CHICAGO AP—There's arsenic in many chicken livers, a government scientist said today. And in pig livers, too.

Whether there's enough arsenic in chicken livers to harm human health is being investigated, he said.

The arsenic gets into the animals' livers from compounds added to their feed to combat fungi and bacteria.

The studies of arsenic in foods and other products were described to the Federation of American Societies for Experimental Biology by Dr. Manuel Schreiber of the Food and Drug Administration.

The government has set up standards for use of arsenicals, and limits of amounts humans can safely absorb, he said. But people may be getting more than they should, hence the continuing studies, Dr. Schreiber said.

Chicken producers are supposed to stop feeding any arsenic-containing feed to chickens for a week before they go off to market. But in practice, it can be difficult to separate them from the rest of the flock for a different menu, he said.

And some pork livers have been found to be rather high in arsenic content, he added.

Arsenic in American chicken livers has been cited as one reason why European countries aren't buying the fowl, Dr. Schreiber told newsmen.

From the Tacoma, Wash., **News Tribune**, April 14, 1964.

Cattle Diet Beats Ours

Berkeley, Calif. (UPI)—Livestock is fed a better-balanced diet than most Americans, says a University of California nutrition expert. Dr. George M. Briggs, chairman of the school's department of nutritional sciences, said the biggest void in human diet is the role that should be played by minerals.

"Practically no work has been done on human beings with nine of the 13 minerals that we know are essential to life," Dr. Briggs said.

"We fortify animal rations with minerals, but we do very little of this with human food. Every mineral must be regarded as just as important as every vitamin or amino acid, but we have a great void in our knowledge of them."

From Alhambra, Calif., **Post-Advocate**, March 18, 1964.

What a Billion Means

In these days when astronomical sums are being spent every day, many people find it difficult to grasp exactly what is meant by \$1,000,000,000. Perhaps the following illustration, currently being circulated on Capitol Hill, will help:

If you give your wife \$1,000,000, and tell her that she can go away and spend it at the rate of \$1,000 per day, she would be back in three years broke and asking for more money. But if you give her \$1,000,000,000, and tell her to spend it at the same rate of \$1,000 per day, you would not see her again for 3,000 years.

That's how much \$1,000,000,000 is!

NATIONAL HEALTH FEDERATION

P.O. Box 686

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MONROVIA, CALIFORNIA

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SPECIAL

- Chicago:** The Midwest Convention of the Federation will be held at the Sherman House this year. The dates will be September 10, 11, 12, and 13. It is our plan to make this the most outstanding convention the Federation has ever held in the Middle West. **We still need \$400 worth of trading stamps to cover the cost of the folding and stuffing machine.** We now have it installed, and you have no idea what a time and labor saver it is proving itself to be. We do thank those who have already sent in Green and other stamps.
 - If you live west of the Rocky Mountains,** start planning to attend the Tenth Annual Meeting and Convention to be held at Los Angeles, California, December 30 and 31 and January 1 and 2. Later **Bulletins** will give you the details. **Last year, we had by far the best ever held,** and this year will be better as our plans are much more elaborate. **Attend the convention nearest you and meet your fellow workers while absorbing truths about health which will help you to live a more abundant life.** We are planning one-day conventions for Seattle, Washington, for October 3, and Portland, Oregon, for October 4 this year.
- The charge for attending the one-day conventions will be as follows:**
For the full day, \$2; for one session or one lecture, the charge will be \$1.

☐ I wish to become a REGULAR MEMBER of the National Health Federation and am enclosing \$5.00 as dues, \$1.50 of which is for a subscription to the BULLETIN for the current year.

☐ I wish to become an ACTIVE MEMBER of the National Health Federation and am enclosing \$5.00 as yearly dues, \$1.50 of which is for a subscription to the BULLETIN. I wish to form a local chapter, so please send me necessary literature and instructions.

☐ I wish to become a SUSTAINING MEMBER and am enclosing \$..... (minimum fee, \$25.00) as membership dues for the current year, \$1.50 of which is for a subscription to the BULLETIN.

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